# SPECIFICATION SHEET

## Organic Pollutant Monitor (UV Meter)

## OPM-1610

The OPM-1610 is one of our latest models, and represents the culmination of more than three decades of product development and field experience. This model is an organic pollutant monitor (UV meter) that adopts ultraviolet absorptiometry to analyze the organic pollution levels in commercial, industrial, and other types of effluents. The values obtained are correlated with the COD.

Before using the instrument, make a correlation between the instrument output and the COD.

#### Features

- Environmentally-friendly, reagentless measurement
   This model measures COD without using mercury or hexavalent chromium reagents.
- Continuous measurement ideal for effluent water monitoring.

By continuously measuring COD, abnormality in the effluent can be detected quickly, enabling prompt handling of the situation.

○ Compact and lightweight design

The immersion-type detector included with the instrument, which was highly rated by users of the previous model, has been made approximately 50% smaller and 20% lighter than the original detector, making it much easier to install the instrument. In addition, the installation of the optional sample receiving tank enables measurements to be performed by extracting samples from the process stream.

- New optical system
  - A new highly stable light source ensures that the unit provides stable measurements.
  - The new optical system employs a power-saving lamp and eliminates the need for a heater to stabilize the light source. These two factors help to significantly reduce the amount of power consumed by the instrument (approximately 80% less than the previous model). Furthermore, additional power savings is also possible by using an immersion-type detector that does not require a sample pump system.



#### Standard Specifications

Product name Model Object measured	<ul> <li>: Organic pollutant Monitor (UV meter)</li> <li>: OPM-1610</li> <li>: Organic pollutant in commercial, industrial, and other types of effluents</li> </ul>
Measurement	: Dual-wavelength absorptiometry
method	(UV 254nm/visible light 660nm)
Measurement range	: UV absorbance; 0~2.5Abs (The transmission output range can be
range	adjusted in 0.1 Abs increments within a
	range of 0.5~2.5Abs.)
	The readings can be displayed as
	absorbance on a 10 mm cell length
	conversion basis.
	The displayable absorbance ranges are
	as follows.
	25 mm cell; 0~1.0Abs
	10 mm cell; 0~2.5Abs
	6 mm cell; 0~4.17Abs
Measurement cell	: Immersed parallel cell (6, 10, or 25mm, as specified by customer)
Cell cleaning	: Wiper system for automatic cleaning
	Cleaning cycle; 1~9999 minutes (default; 60)
	No. of cleaning; 0~99 (default; 2)
Sample Condition	: Sample temperature; 0~45°C (no freezing)
	Flow speed (Immersion type); Lower
	0.75m/sec.
	(Notes of Installation on Page of 7 and 9)
	Flow rate(Sampling type); 3~6 L/min.
Maximum water depth	: bm

Maximum water depth : 6m

Calibration	· Zara: Dura watar		An approximately five year block of data
Calibration	: Zero; Pure water		An approximately five year block of data
Displayable item	: UV-VIS absorbance, UV absorbance, VIS		can be saved when 1 minute is specified
	absorbance, COD conversion value,		as the sampling cycle.
	Turbidity conversion value, SS		If the amount of available free space
	(Suspended Solid) concentration		becomes incredibly low, the unit will be
	conversion value and sample		unable to record new data. Make sure to
	temperature.		delete old or unnecessary data at regular
Transmission	: 4~20mADC, load resistance; 600Ω or		intervals.
output	less, isolated		s : 100~240VAC±10%, 50/60Hz
	Simultaneously output of any three of the	Power consumptior	n: Average of approx. 10VA, maximum of
	following signals; UV-VIS absorbance, UV		approx. 20VA
	absorbance, VIS absorbance, COD	Mounting	: Immersed type, wind-up type, hanging
	conversion value, turbidity conversion		type, and sampling type
	value, SS concentration conversion value,	Materials	: Transmitter; Die-cast aluminum
	and sample temperature (non-isolated		Detector; Main bodySUS316, ABS resin
	between transmission outputs).		CellQuartz glass
	The COD conversion value, turbidity		WiperFPM rubber
	conversion value, and SS concentration	Surface finish	: Transmitter; Metallic silver
	conversion value are calculated by	Protective	: Transmitter; IP65
	employing a linear expression to convert	construction	
	the absorbance.		: Six cable glands for ø6~12 cable (one of
Contact output	: Power cut-off signal, CO(Change-	port	which is for the detector)
signals	Over)contact (NO/NC) output	P	Conduit threads (six G1/2 threads) can be
olghaid	Alarm signal, NO(Normally-Open)contact		connected when the cable glands are
	(NO) output		removed.
	(Any three of the following contacts can	Extension cable	: 1 cable to connect the detector and
	be selected.)		transmitter
	Under maintenance		
	Under cleaning		Standard length; Sampling type3m.
	5		Immersed type, wind-up type, and
	General alarms		hanging type; Specified by customer
	Measured value higher limit alarm		Maximum length; 30m (optional feature)
	Lamp error (UV, VIS)	Dimensions (see	: Transmitter; Approx. 181 (W) x 95 (D) x
	No sample	the section	180 (H) mm
	Leakage alarm	"Dimensions" for	Detector; Approx. 150 (W) x 95 (D) x 455
	Wiper drive motor error	details)	(H) mm
	Sample temperature error		The height (H) of the immersed type
	In addition to the first three items listed		varies according to the specification.
	above, any three of the six general alarm	Weight	:Transmitter; Approx. 2.0kg
	items can be assigned to contact outputs		Detector; Approx. 5.3kg(except cable)
	1~3.	Installation	: Unit can be installed outdoors
	Contact capacity; 30VDC, 0.1A or less		Ambient temperature; -5~50°C
	125VAC, 0.1A or less (resistance load)		Ambient humidity (transmitter); 95% RH
Contact input	: Cleaning start signal; Signal used to		or less
signals	remotely control the cleaning program.		Ensure the unit is not subjected to
	No-voltage contact signal		vibration, shock, and corrosive gases.
	ON resistance; 50 $\Omega$ or less		Install the detector at a position in which
	Short circuit current; Maximum of 5mA		the sample water can circulate smoothly.
	Open voltage; 24VDC		This will ensure that the readings
	Make time; 0.1sec. or more		accurately reflect the sample values.
Digital	: Two selections are available for digital		
communication	communication output; communication		
output (optional	output RS-485 or output to USB memory		
feature)	for data recording.		
,	Digital communication output; RS-485		
	interface		
	USB memory (data is saved in CSV format)		
	Memory data format; date-hour-minute,		
	UV, VIS, and UV-VIS values, COD		
	conversion value, turbidity conversion		
	value, SS concentration conversion value,		
	water temperature (sampling cycle can be		
	water temperature (sampling cycle can be		

set to a length of 1 to 999 minutes)

#### Performance

UV absorptiometry linearity : Within ±2%FS UV absorptiometry repeatability : Within ±2%FS UV absorptiometry zero drift : Within ±2%FS/week UV absorptiometry span drift : Within ±2%FS/week Response rate : Within 30 sec. for 90% response

### Operating principle



The OPM-1610 uses the dual wavelength technique to measure pollutants. This technique adopts two highly stable sources of light, UV (ultraviolet) and VIS (visible light).

When a UV light source is applied, a 254nm emission line from the ozone-free low pressure mercury lamp is used. In VIS detection, a pulsating 660nm LED is irradiated as the light source.

There are two ways for converting instrument output to

COD values. The first consists of using the correlation between the UV absorbance (Auv) and the COD manual analysis value. The second method entails using the correlation between the difference of the "UV absorbance (Auv) minus VIS absorbance (Avis)" (value given by the expression Auv - a x Avis to eliminate the effect of suspended solids) and the COD manual analysis value.

a= Correction factor (Freely specified)



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Dimensions Unit : mm





(2 guide pipe system)



Hanging type detector



• Sampling type detector



#### Installation diagram Unit : mm

#### Immersed type



- 6) Make sure to install an earth leakage breaker on the power line.
- 7) The shape of the pole stand and mounting fixture for the detector vary, depending on the specifications. For details, see the supplied specifications. For detectors with a length of less than 1500mm, a single set of mounting fixtures are supplied. For detectors with a length more than 1500mm, two sets of fixtures are supplied.

In addition, when the flow velocity exceeds 0.5m/sec, make sure to use two sets of fixtures to firmly secure the immersed type detector.

8) When specifying the orientation of the detector in relation to its length, make sure to consider the flow velocity and circulation of the sample water.

Velocity: 0.75 m/sec or less

Installation example

Flow



\*1. The condition of the sample water flow velocity for the immersed type must be 0.75m/sec or less. Make sure the length between the bottom of the mounting fixture and the top of the detector does not exceed 1.5m. In this case, use two sets of fixtures to secure the detector.

When the sample water flow velocity is 0.5m/sec or less, make sure the length between the bottom of the mounting fixture and the top of the detector does not exceed 2.0m. This case also requires the use of two sets of fixtures to secure the detector.

When the sample water flow velocity exceeds 0.75m/sec, install a dam or similar obstacle in the stream to lower the flow velocity.

- \*2. When the detector length is 2.0m or more, use two sets of mounting brackets.
- \*3. If the water sample becomes contaminated, with sea water for example, it can result in the introduction of a high concentration of electrolytes or residual iron-based coagulants into the sample. This may increase the possibility of the detector rusting away rapidly.

If that is the case, select "Equipped" for Zinc plates.

Also select "Equipped" for the Zinc plates section when you replace existing equipment that already has zinc plates equipped.

Notes

1: The transmission output range can be adjusted in 0.1Abs increments within a range of 0.5~2.5Abs. In the default factory configuration, the output signals for 0~1.0Abs are output at between 4~20mA, regardless of

- the cell length. 2: The user can select whether the absorbance is "Displayed" or "Not displayed" on a 10mm cell length conversion basis
- In the factory default configuration, the absorbance is "Not displayed" on a 10 mm cell length conversion basis.
- 3: The unit is powered by an adjustable-voltage 100~240VAC power supply.
- 4: Any three of the following output signals can be selected: UV-VIS absorbance, UV absorbance, VIS absorbance, COD conversion value, turbidity conversion value, SS concentration conversion value, and sample temperature (4~20mADC).
- 5: When you replace existing equipment, the specifications for alarm contact output and other items for this unit might differ from the old unit. For details, please contact one of our sales representatives.

Installation diagram Unit : mm

#### • Wind-up type/Hanging type





- \*1. The condition of the sample water flow velocity for the wind-up device (1 guide pipe system) must be 0.75 m/sec or less. When the flow velocity exceeds 0.3m/sec, make sure to secure the lower end of the guide pipe before using the device. (See the installation diagram.)
- \*2. The wind-up device (2 guide pipe system) must be used at a flow velocity of 1.0m/sec or less. Make sure to secure the guide pipes at multiple points along the pipes and at the lower end before using the device. The frame of the wind-up device is made of SUS304 (coated). In custom specifications, a winch made of SUS can be selected.
- However, the position of the handle is reversed left to right. (Same for \*1 and \*2) \*3. The existing wind-up device for OPM-410 / OPM-410A is used for mounting the detector.
- \*4. The recommended method for simple installation is using two 3.5m chains to lower the detector. (Two eye bolts are supplied with the detector when this method is used.)
- The flow velocity must be 0.75m/sec or less.
- \*5. If the water sample becomes contaminated, with sea water for example, it can result in the introduction of a high concentration of electrolytes or residual iron-based coagulants into the sample. This may increase the possibility of the detector rusting away rapidly.

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Installation diagram Unit : mm

• Sampling type (mounted on pole stanchion)









- \*1. A calibration vessel is equipped as a standard.
- \*2. The aluminum frame has the same dimensions as the base of our previous models (OPM-410 and OPM-410A). Thus, the frame of a previously released instrument can be used to replace the frame of this new instrument.
- \*3. If the water sample becomes contaminated, with sea water for example, it can result in the introduction of a high concentration of electrolytes or residual iron-based coagulants into the sample. This may increase the possibility of the detector rusting away rapidly.
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Please read the operation manual carefully before using producuts.

http://www.toadkk.co.jp/english

Information and specifications are subject to change without nofice.