Innovation for Sludge Utilization in Cement Plants

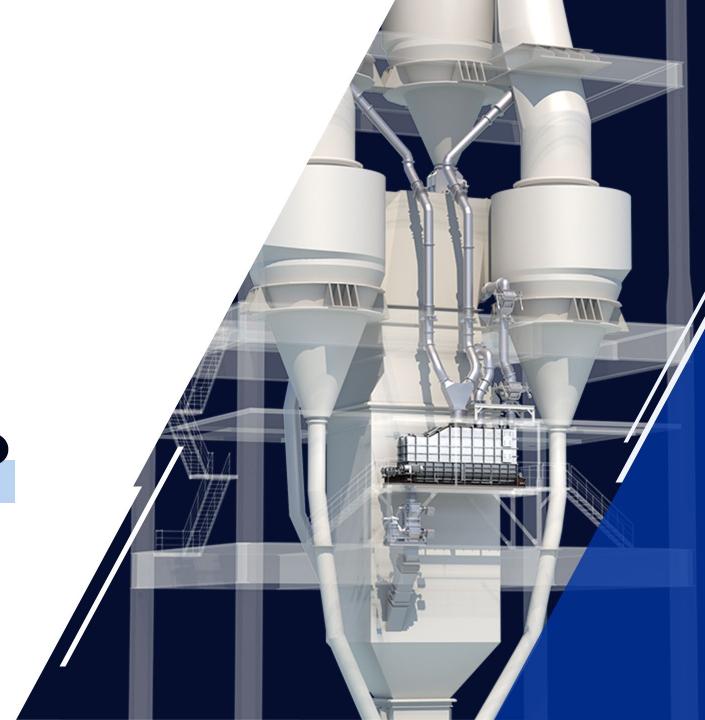
Overseas Sales Department. Sales Division Taiheiyo Engineering Corporation June 6, 2023





WHY INVEST IN

SLUDGE UTILIZATION?





SLUDGE UTILIZATION PROCESS IN CEMENT PLANTS.

Sludge Utilization Process in Cement Plants

Utilization of Solid Contents



Zero-Emission

The components of sludge are utilized as cement fuel and raw materials, therefore achieving zero-emission





Sludge Utilization Process in Cement Plants

Operational problems due to Impact of Water Content



- Unstable Operation (sludge accumulation, fluctuated water evaporation)
- Production Loss
- Heat Loss

Problem to be solved:

Minimize the impact from the water content





System Description

Equipment

- Sludge feeding system
- Hot meal diverter

- TTR®

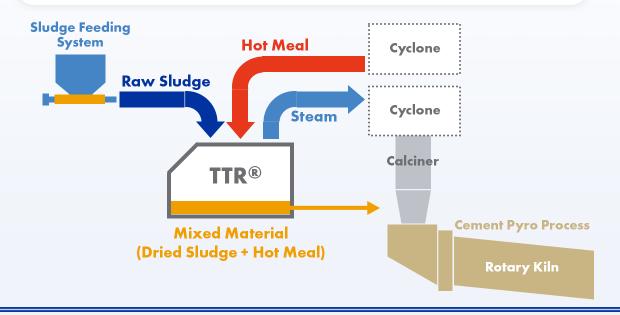
- Steam duct

Equipment Specifications

Size	3mW × 6mL × 4mH
Weight	approx 10t
Feeding Rate	200 t/d

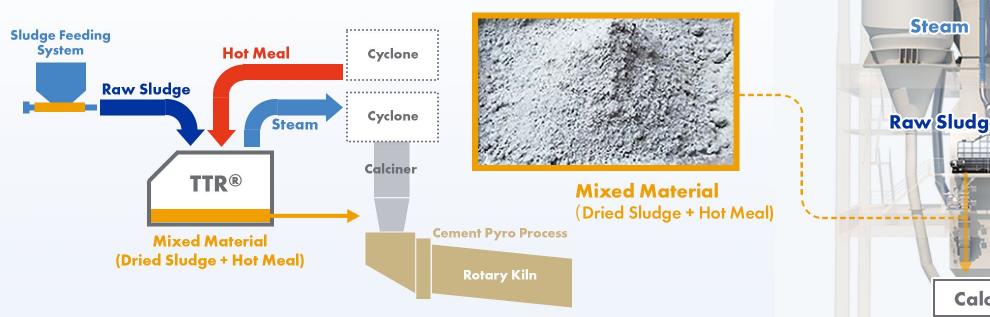
Advantages

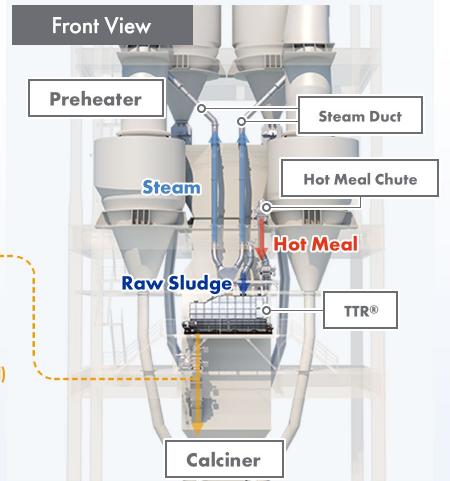
- Effective & efficient sludge drying
- Minimal impact to clinker production process
- Fully enclosed process
- Effective utilization of combustibles in sludge

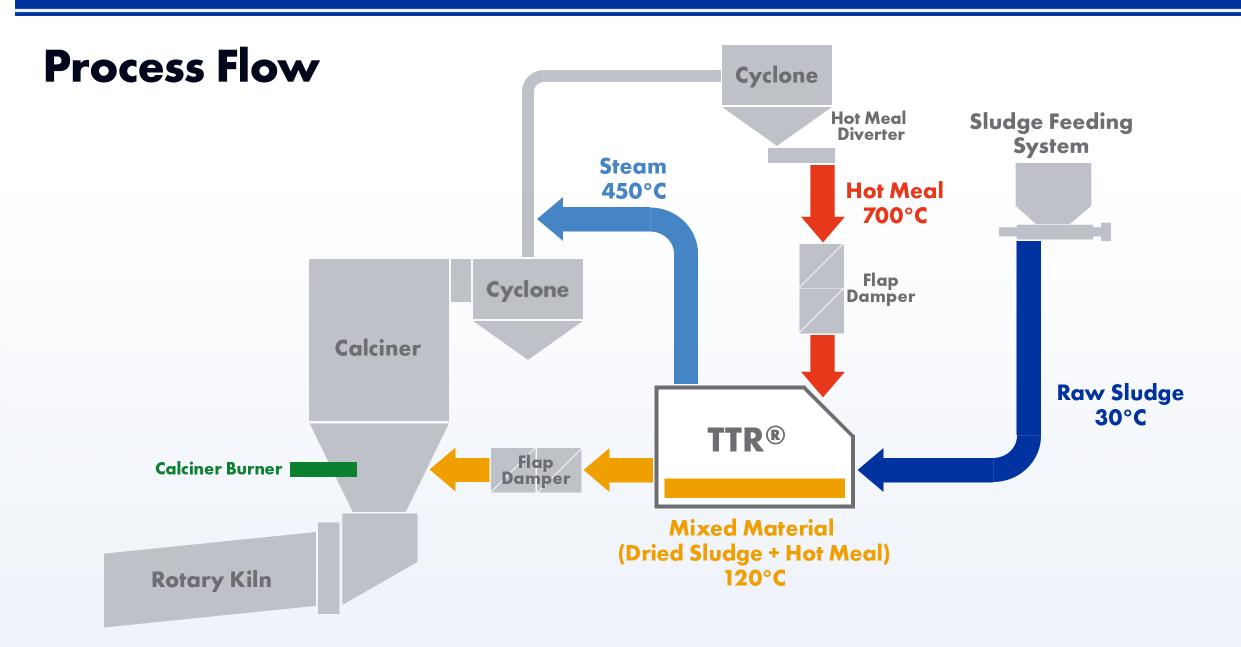


Example result:

- Water content down to 3% from 80% (when 200 t/d [raw sludge])
- Stable operation in cement process







Performance

Guaranteed Performance of TTR®

Maximum Raw Sewage Sludge Utilization Amount (water content: 80%)		
Direct Feeding System	TTR®	
90 t /d	200 t /d	

Kiln size: 4,000 - 5,000 t/d

Impact to clinker production process

	No Sewage Sludge	Raw Sewage Sludge Direct Feeding	TTR®
	Benchmark	Maximum	Maximum
Sewage Sludge Feeding Rate [t-sludge/d]	0	90	200
Clinker Production [t-clinker/d]	4,370	4,141	4,233
Increase in Heat Consumption [kJ/kg-clinker]	-	148	106

Comparison among TTR® and existing systems

System for utilization of sewage sludge				
	TTR®	Direct feeding to preheater	Direct heating by hot gas	Indirect heating by hot gas, etc.
Maximum feed rate of sewage sludge	Very good	Poor	Good	Quite poor
Water content after drying	Very good	-	Quite poor	Quite poor
Clinker production	Very good	Poor	Very good	Very good
Energy saving for clinker production	Good	Poor	Good	Good
CAPEX for sewage sludge utilization	Good	Very good	Poor	Quite poor
OPEX for sewage sludge utilization	Good	Poor	Poor	Quite poor
Construction period	Good	Very good	Poor	Poor
Effect on kiln operation	Very good	Poor	Good	Very good
Safety	Very good	Very good	Quite poor	Quite poor
Heat transfer efficiency	Very good	Poor	Good	Poor
Controllability	Very good	Very good	Good	Good

CONCLUSION



Low investment cost / Less installation space

Compact system can be made thanks to the high-performance heat transfer (by the contact of hot raw meal and sludge with big surface area per unit volume) TTR® can be installed with low investment cost, less space and short time, enables quick cost recovery.

Stable kiln operation / Minimal impact to clinker production

The dried powder is fed from the TTR into the kiln. No sludge adhesion or gas volume increase occurs as the water content is removed from the sludge. When compared with a direct (wet) sludge feeding system, the TTR helps to maintain a stable kiln operation and to minimize the impact of sludge feeding on clinker production.

Less energy consumption

Since no water content is fed to calciner (de-carbonation part), additional fuel consumption can be avoided. Also, heat value from sludge can be fully utilized.

Safety

TTR® is designed not to introduce air (oxygen). Without concern for fire, explosion, safe operation is secured.

Eco-friendly

Prevents emission of hazardous materials and odor to the atmosphere.

Patent Application Status (as of Jan. 01, 2023)

Country	Application status		
РСТ	Apr. 4, 2018 Mar. 12, 2019 Oct. 10	PCT application (Application number: PCT / JP2018 / 14386) Application claiming Priority (Application number: PCT / JP2019 / 10030) International publication	
Japan	May. 16, 2019 May 18, 2020	Examination claim (Application number: Patent Application 2019-526025) Registration (Registration number: 6696053)	
China	May. 20, 2019 Dec. 12	Examination claim (Application number: 201980000666.8) Publication	
Korea	May 31, 2019 Oct. 15	Examination claim (Application number: 10-2019-7015677) Publication	
Taiwan	Apr. 18, 2018 Mar. 15, 2019 Nov. 1 Mar. 4, 2021	Application (Application number: 107113229) Application claiming Priority (Application number: 108108822) Publication Registration	
Thailand	Sept. 24, 2020	Examination claim (Application number: 2001005753)	
Malaysia	Aug. 19, 2020	Examination claim (Application number: Pl2020004275)	
India	Sept. 29, 2020	Examination claim (Application number: 202047042390)	

Patent Application Status (as of Jan. 01, 2023)

Country	Application status	
Indonesia	Sept. 24, 2020 Aug. 2, 2021	Examination claim (Application number: P00202006983) Publication
Vietnam	Oct. 1, 2020 Aug. 2, 2021	Examination claim (Application number: 1-2020-05641) Publication
USA	Sept. 21, 2020 Jan. 14, 2021	Examination claim (Application number: 16/982,894) Publication
Germany	Aug. 5, 2020	Examination claim (Application number: 19782065.7)
Italy	Aug. 5, 2020	Examination claim (Application number: 19782065.7)
France	Aug. 5, 2020	Examination claim (Application number: 19782065.7)
Turkey	Aug. 5, 2020	Examination claim (Application number: 19782065.7)
Others	Processing	



ABOUT OUR COMPANY

TEC in numbers

140+

years of experience in the cement industry through our parent company Taiheiyo Cement



1976

year of foundation of Taiheiyo Engineering Corporation



100+

million dollars in annual sales (FY 2020)



employees in total (FY 2021)



2

offices: Tokyo Headquarters & Fukaya Office

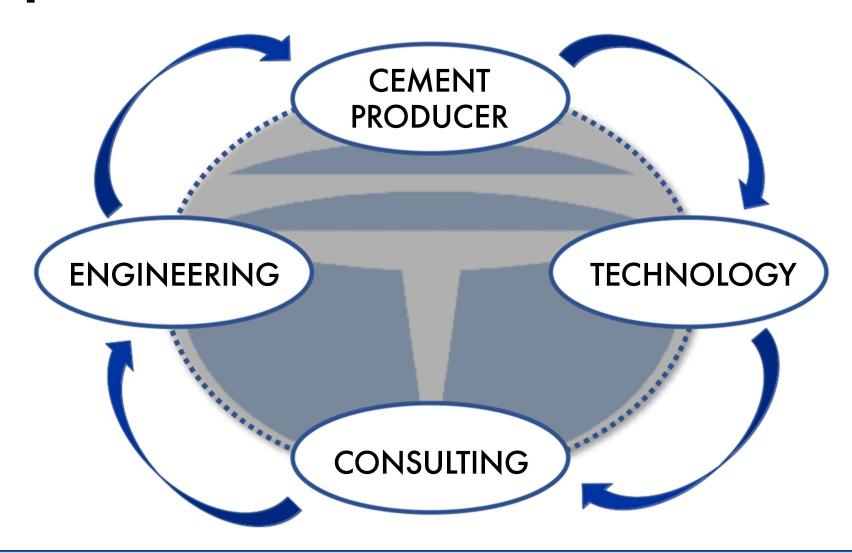


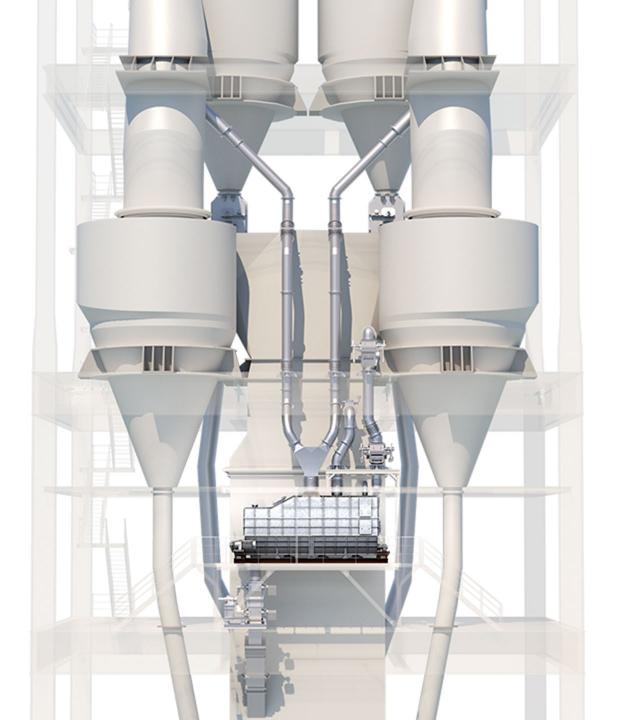
2000+

projects delivered in over 80 countries around the world



TEC uniqueness





The leading solution you can trust.

Taiheiyo Engineering has set standards in the sustainable combustion operations. We are confident in solving your problems using our competitive edge in efficient factory apparatus.

